

ANSWER KEY

- | | <u>Form A</u> | <u>Form B</u> |
|-----|--|---------------|
| 1. | B | A |
| 2. | B | A |
| 3. | C | D |
| 4. | D | B |
| 5. | D | A |
| 6. | A | C |
| 7. | D | B |
| 8. | D | C |
| 9. | C | A |
| 10. | B | C |
| 11. | D | C |
| 12. | A | D |
| 13. | F, T, F, T, | T, F, T, T |
| 14. | (a) $\lambda_n = n^2$, $X_n(x) = \sin(nx)$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
(b) No, 0 is not an eigenvalue. There is only the trivial solution. | |
| 15. | (a) --- (b) <i>ii</i> (c) --- (d) $\frac{a_0}{2} = 2$
(e) <i>odd (a):</i> $f(18) \rightarrow 0$; <i>even (c):</i> $f(18) \rightarrow 1$. | |
| 16. | (a) $u(x,t) = 2e^{-5t/4} \sin(\frac{x}{2}) + 30e^{-20t} \sin(2x) - 60e^{-45t} \sin(3x)$
(b) $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} u(\pi, t) = 0$ (c) $v(x) = 0$
(d) There will be no difference. Regardless of the initial condition, the limit will converge to $v(x) = 0$. | |
| 17. | (a) Initial displacement/position (b) Initial velocity
[Form A] (c) <i>iii</i> (d) False (e) No
[Form B] (c) <i>ii</i> (d) True (e) No | |