

Answers to Fall 2000 Final exam.

Q#:1

$$y(t) = e^{2t} \left(\frac{t^3}{3} - 1 \right)$$

Q#:2

- A $y(t) = c_1 e^{-2t} \cos t + c_2 e^{-2t} \sin t$
 B $y(t) = c_1 e^{3t} + c_2 t e^{3t}$
 C $y(t) = c_1 e^{4t} + c_2 e^{-5t}$

Q#:3

$$y_p(t) = At \cos 3t + Bt \sin 3t + Cte^t + De^t + Et^2 + Ft + G$$

Q#:4

$$y(t) = \frac{3}{2} \sin 2t + \frac{1}{2} u_\pi(t) \sin(2t - 2\pi) = \frac{3}{2} \sin 2t + \frac{1}{2} u_\pi(t) \sin 2t$$

Q#:5

- A $X(t) = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-4t} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} e^{5t}$
 B Saddle point, which is unstable.
 C
 D $X(t) = \frac{1}{9} \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-4t} - \frac{5}{9} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} e^{5t}$

Q#:6

A The critical points are $P = (2, 2)$ and $Q = (-2, 2)$.

B

- Point P: $X' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -4 \end{bmatrix} X$. $\lambda_1 = -2 + 2\sqrt{2}$ and $\lambda_2 = -2 - 2\sqrt{2}$.
- Point Q: $X' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix} X$. $\lambda = -2$.

B

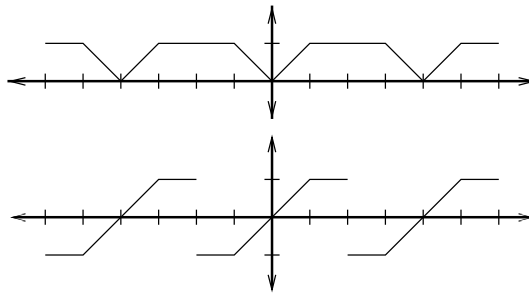
- Point P is a Saddle point, which is unstable.
- Point Q is an improper stable node, which is stable.

Q#:7

$$u(x, t) = \exp\left[\frac{-9\pi^2 t}{25}\right] \sin \frac{2\pi x}{5} - 2 \exp\left[-9\pi^2 t\right] \sin \pi x + 13 \exp\left[\frac{-19(49)\pi^2 t}{25}\right] \sin \frac{7\pi x}{5}$$

Q#:8

A



- B The even Fourier series is $f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2}$ and the odd Fourier series is $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2}$.
 C At $x = 2$ the even Fourier series converges to 1 and the odd Fourier series converges to 0.

Q#:9 $x^2 G''(x) + \lambda^2 G(x) = 0$ with boundary conditions $G(0) = G(1) = 0$.