

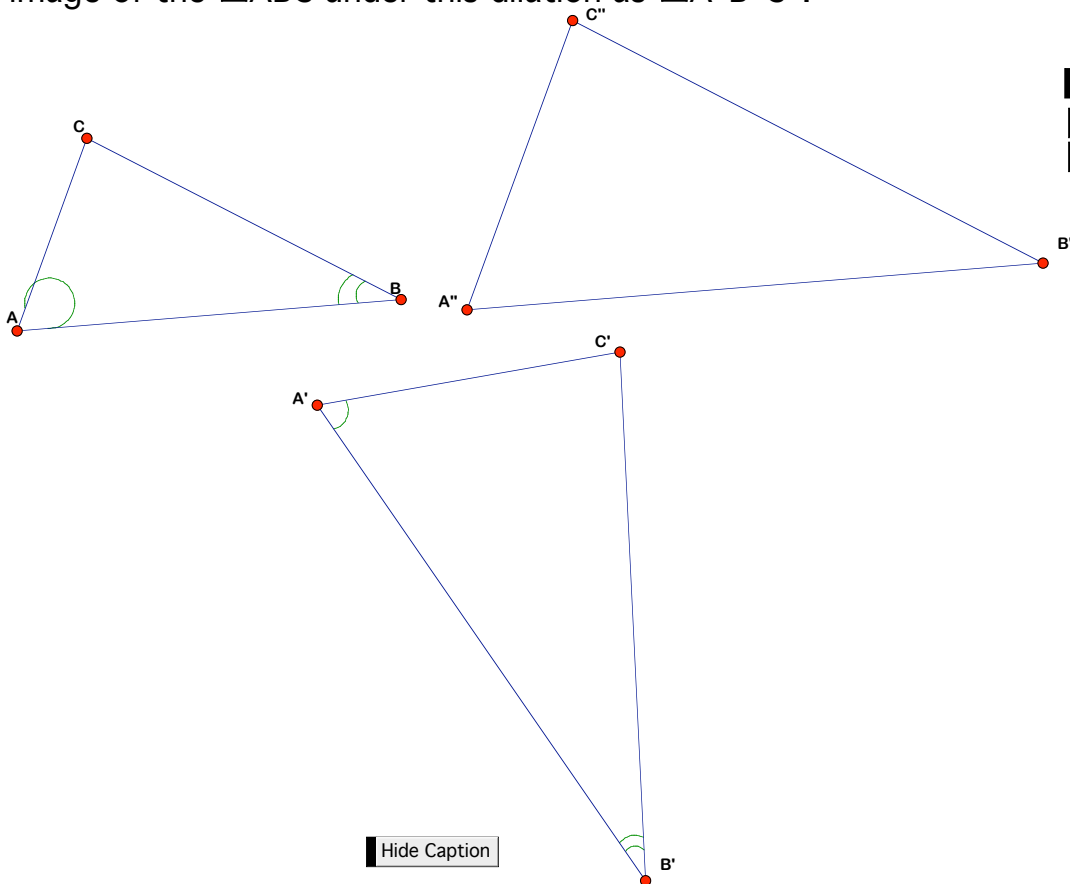
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Theorem 48. (AA for similar triangles). If corresponding angles of two triangles are equal then they are similar and their corresponding sides are proportional.

Proof: We denote triangles as $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle A'B'C'$. We assume that $\frac{|A'B'|}{|AB|} = k$. Consider a central dilation $D_{O,k}$ with the factor k . We denote the image of the $\triangle ABC$ under this dilation as $\triangle A''B''C''$.



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1. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A''B''C''$, factor is k .

2. $\frac{|A''B''|}{|AB|} = k$.

3. $\frac{|A'B'|}{|AB|} = k$

4. $|A''B''| = |A'B'|$.

5. $\angle A = \angle A', \angle B = \angle B'$.

6. $\angle A = \angle A'', \angle B = \angle B''$.

7. $\angle A' = \angle A'', \angle B' = \angle B''$.

8. $\triangle A''B''C'' \cong \triangle A'B'C'$.

9. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$.

1. $\triangle A''B''C''$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$ under a dilation with factor k .

2. Follows from 1..

3. Given.

4. From 2. and 3..

5. Given.

6. Follows from 1..

7. From 6. and 5.

8. ASA, using 4. and 7.

9. From 1. and 8..