

QUALIFYING EXAM – GEOMETRY AND TOPOLOGY

May 12, 1993

Do six of the following eight problems in order to get full credit. Give complete proofs or justifications for each statement you make.

- (1) Let X be a metric space. Assume that $x \in X$ is such that the space $X \setminus \{x\}$ is compact. Prove that the one element set $\{x\}$ is open in X and is a connected component of X .
- (2) Compute the fundamental group of the connected sum of n tori. Recall that the connected sum of two surfaces was defined by cutting and removing a small disc from each, and then sewing the two surfaces together along the boundaries of the cuts.
- (3) Let G be a topological group which is locally path connected. Let $e \in G$ be the identity. Suppose $p : \tilde{G} \rightarrow G$ is a covering map, and \tilde{G} is path connected. Choose any $\tilde{e} \in \tilde{G}$ such that $p(\tilde{e}) = e$. Show that there is a unique group structure on \tilde{G} such that \tilde{e} is the identity, \tilde{G} is a topological group, and also p is a group homomorphism.
- (4) Discuss the following two statements in as much detail as you can:
 - [a] Let D^n be the closed unit ball in \mathbb{R}^n . Every continuous map $f : D^n \rightarrow D^n$ has a fixed point.
 - [b] Let S^n be the n -sphere. Every continuous map $f : S^n \rightarrow S^n$ has a fixed point.
- (5) State the Poincaré duality theorem.
- (6) If one removes the requirement of a differentiable manifold being Hausdorff, does a partition of unity associated to an open cover always exist? Explain your answer.
- (7) Let $k \leq n$. Let $M = \{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n; x_1^2 + \dots + x_k^2 > 0\}$. Compute the singular homology groups of X .
- (8) Let $M = \{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n; x_1^2 + x_2^2 \neq 1\}$. Compute the de Rham cohomology groups of M .