

Qualifying Exam in Algebra

May 9, 1994

Do six of the following ten problems

1. Show that whenever G is a group and $g \in G$, then

$$\{x \in G \mid x^{-1}gx \in \{g, g^{-1}\}\}$$

is a subgroup of G .

2. Prove that every group of order 35 must be cyclic.

3. If G is an abelian group generated by two elements a and b satisfying $a^{20} = 1$, $b^{30} = 1$, and $a^5 = b^3$, what is the largest possible order of G ?

4. Let R be a ring containing the rational numbers as a subring (with 1). Suppose $r \in R$ satisfies $r^n = 0$ for some positive integer n . Prove that

$$s = 1 + \frac{r}{1!} + \frac{r^2}{2!} + \dots + \frac{r^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}$$

is invertible in R .

5. Give an example of a commutative ring (with 1) having a prime ideal that is nonzero and not maximal. Justify your answer.

6. Let V be a finite-dimensional vector space over a field F , and let $T : V \rightarrow V$ be a linear transformation. Suppose its characteristic polynomial is reducible over F . Prove that there is a nontrivial invariant subspace (that is, a subspace $0 \neq W \neq V$ with $T(W) \subset W$).

7. Let F be a field of characteristic $p > 0$. Show that the multiplicative group of F contains no elements of multiplicative order p .

8. Let m and n be positive integers. Let p be a prime, F a field with p^n elements. Define $\phi : F \rightarrow F$ by

$$\phi(b) = b^{p^m}.$$

Determine the number of elements fixed by ϕ .

9. Let F be a field, K be a separable extension of degree n . Find some integer b (depending on n) for which you can prove that K has at most b subfields containing F .

10. Find an irreducible monic polynomial of degree 3 over the field $F = \mathbb{Z}/5\mathbb{Z}$. Justify your answer.